## SOS Software Development Consultation

### Vancouver

Dec. 11, 2008

BCIT Downtown Campus

**ECO**SMART'

### Agenda

- 08:30 Coffee and muffins
- 09:00 Introduction of key people, explanation of purpose of session
- 09:05 Plenary presentation: Climate Change, GHGs and the SOS
- 09:30 Objectives of Breakout Session 1
- 09:35 Breakout Session 1
- 10:05 Plenary session presentations of results by group
- 10:20 Break
- 10:40 Objectives of Breakout Session 2
- 10:45 Breakout Session 2
- 11:15 Plenary session presentations of results by group
- 11:30 Plenary general Q&A session
- 11:45 Summary and wrap-up
- 12:00 Lunch

**ECO**SMART

# Some definitions: SCMs and SOS

- SCMs Supplementary Cementing Materials
  - Used to partially replace cement in concrete
  - Fly ash, ground granulated blast furnace slag (GBFS), silica fume, metakaolin, etc.
- SOS Supplementary Cementing Materials Optimization System

**ECO**SMART

### Key people

### **ECOSMART** Foundation

- · SOS Project Manager
- Non-profit corporation promoting environmentally friendly technologies –especially in construction.
- Has championed numerous case studies of high volume SCM projects in Canada and elsewhere
- SIMCO
- SOS Software Developer
- Experts in concrete modeling

  Developers of STADIUM
- Software

**ECO**SMART

### Climate Change and GHGs

- Now take as a given that:
  - the world is warming at a rate unprecedented in human history
  - Man-made emissions of GHGs are a major factor in this warming
- Most important GHG at present is CO<sub>2</sub>

**ECO**SMART"

### Cement and CO2

- · Cement is an essential building material
- Manufacturing cement releases about one tonne of CO<sub>2</sub> for each tonne of cement produced (world average).
- World-wide, cement manufacture accounts for more than 5% of total man-made emissions of CO
- Much interest by governments, cement producers and the construction industry – in reducing this CO<sub>2</sub> burden

**ECO**SMART

### SCMs and EcoSmart

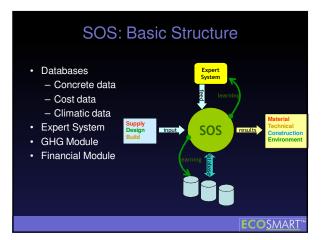
- Supplementary cementing materials can partially replace cement in concrete.
- In recent years EcoSmart, with strong government and industry support, has fostered a number of successful demonstrations of SCM use – especially at high levels (up to 50% cement replacement)
- Major lesson learned: SCMs work very well provided expert advice and guidance is available

**ECOSMART**"

### SOS

- Rationale
  - Computer-based expert guidance system to help industry determine the optimal replacement level of cement by SCMs for a given project, and the benefits thereby accruing.
  - SOS will be a mix guidance tool. It will give guidance on the suitability of SCMS, the percentage replacement, the factors to consider, and the cost and GHG implications.

**ECO**SMART



### **SOS Consultation**

- Ensure SOS meets needs of intended users
- Timeframe for development SOS is to end December 2010
- · EcoSmart will meet user groups across Canada
- · Today's workshop is the first
- · Two objectives
  - Obtain valuable user input
  - Improve future workshops

**ECO**SMART

# Questions ?

### Breakout session 1

- Given the intent to increase usage of SCMs in concrete, what inputs and outputs would the end user envisage?
- Considerations
  - Which factors are important when specifying/choosing/designing concrete?
  - 2. What works now in software used for design, project management, etc.?

**ECO**SMART





### **Breakout Session 2**

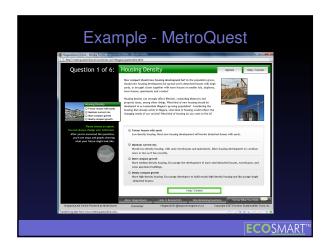
- Given the SOS is available, how would you ideally interact with it?
- Some examples:
  - 1. MetroQuest
  - 2. HOMER

**ECO**SMART™

### MetroQuest

- Community Planning Tool
- Lets user see consequences of various decisions
  - Asks questions on housing density, housing location, land development, roads and transit, transportation policy and environmental program
  - Outputs: animated graphs and displays

ECOSMAKI









## Example - MetroQuest

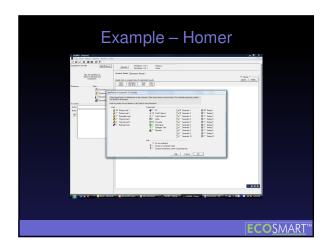
- Notes
  - Animated visuals, graphs and charts
  - Comparison against previous case only
  - Illustrates the interplay between choices
  - Does not directly show assumptions and calculations
  - Used in consultation processes

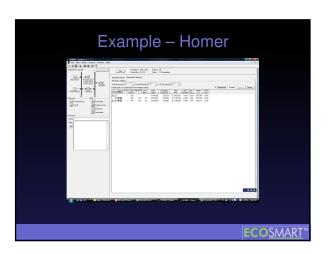
**ECO**SMART™

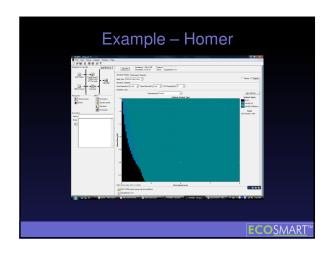
### Homer

- Energy Systems Optimization Program
  - Determines the optimal energy generating mix according to various system designs
  - Geared towards a technical audience

ECOSIVIARI







### Example - Homer

- Descriptive and user defined inputs (and outputs)
- Little in the way of guidance (assumed knowledge)
- · Simple but structured layout
- Varying complexity of analysiss available
- · Focused on a technical audience

ECOSMART

### Breakout session 2

- Given the SOS is available, how would you ideally interact with it?
- Considerations
  - Which information presentation styles are most useful (e.g. graphs, charts, scales, timelines, graphics)?
  - How should various choices/options/scenarios best be compared (i.e., which factors are likely to be most important in ranking results)?
  - 3. How can the way output is presented help you decide on SCM usage?
  - 4. Where would SOS fit into your organization
    - can it save you time, improve stakeholder relations, or streamline project development?

**ECO**SMART™

# Reports from Breakout Session 2

### Final Plenary

- 1. General questions?
- 2. What worked and what didn't?
- 3. What should we change for future workshops?

**ECO**SMART

# Summary of workshop

### **Next Steps**

- 1. Compile information from discussions
  - Redesign workshops
- 2. Hold other workshops across Canada
- 3. Translate information into system specifications and SOS code
- 4. Provide regular updates on program development through EcoSmart / SOS website, newsletters or emails

**ECO**SMART

### Thank you

Roy Sage & David Barrie

The EcoSmart Foundation
e: roy@ecosmart.ca or david@ecosmart.ca
p: 604-689-4023 ext. 122 or 127

**ECO**SMART